OLD ENGLAND.

By ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Inſpector-General of* Great-Britain.

SATURDAY, JULY 11, 1747. [Nº. 167.]

In Anſwer to PHILO's *upbraiding Letter, he is to underſtand that* Argus Centoculi *is not, nor ever was, of any Party-Club or Society; and as he pretends to no Share of Honour in this Paper, previous to the 4th Day of* October *laſt, ſo no Diſpraiſe ariſing from the* oppoſite *Productions, which have appeared in it ſince, is to be imputed to his Predeceſſor. Old* Argus *pretends to nothing more, than a* Sincerity *of Manners and* Steadineſs *of Principle, unalterable by* Penſion *or* Place; *an inviolable Love for his Country; a moſt reſpectful Loyalty to his Prince and his illuſtrious Houſe, with a vigilant Attention to the Acts of the* Coalition, *'till their Diſſolution, or that their Virtues and Rectitude of their Meaſures ſhall have render'd his Pen uſeleſs to his Fellow-Subjects. As a Mark of the Revolution in this Paper, the* Alternative *was heretofore chang'd in the Title; ſo now, to prevent the like Miſtake in others, as has happen'd to* PHILO, *it ſhall, for the future, be totally laid aſide, and the Word* Broadbottom *expung'd, reſolved to ſtand alone upon the firm ſolid Baſis of* OLD ENGLAND *only.*

To the AUTHOR, *&c.*

Dos eſt magna parentum
Virtus. —— HOR.

SIR,

HAVE always thought the Stage, when poſſeſs'd of ſuch Plays as have been left us by the immortal *Shakeſpear*, the higheſt and beſt Amuſement that any thinking Man can be capable of enjoying. I was at the Theatre in *Covent-Garden*, when the Tragedy of *Henry* the Eighth was laſt repreſented there: My Curioſity propos'd to itſelf a further Gratification in the Sight of the illuſtrious Branches of the Royal Houſe of *England*, by whoſe Command the Play was to be acted. The like agreeable Expectation had brought thither an Audience equal to the Occaſion. Tho' the *Prince and Princeſs of Wales* never appear without gaining the Hearts, as well as attracting the Eyes of all Aſſemblies; yet, as their amiable Progeny, the blooming Hopes of the Nation! were along with them, the glorious Proſpect was much enhanc'd, and fill'd the craving Eye with Delight, and the Mind with Joy. The Audience ſeemed abſorb'd in Admiration and Tranſports of Pleaſure. If there be ſuch a Thing as a *Jacobite* in theſe Southern Parts, and he had ſtood in my Place, he muſt have been made of impenetrable Stuff, could he have reſiſted the general Impulſe of Loyalty and Love that affected the whole Audience.

Human Nature can furniſh no Sight ſo charming as the Picture we beheld of the higheſt conjugal and domeſtic Bleſſedneſs in the moſt exalted Life: How pleaſurable is the View, and of what happy Influence the Example! What Omens did it not preſent of the Felicity reſerv'd for *Britain*, when our Relationſhip to them ſhall be brought ſtill nearer, and the whole People ſhall become as Children of this *Family of Love*.

One could not but diſcern in the illuſtrious Parents the happieſt Temperament of great and noble Qualities, with the moſt mild and attractive; a benevolent Majeſty; a Dignity without Pride; and Humility without Meanneſs. The Impreſſions we felt in looking on them were ſuch as *Cowley* deſcribes to be made by one, who

——With ſpacious Beauty fill'd the Sight,
But decent Awe chaſtis'd the bold Delight:
Like a calm Sea, which, to th' enlighten'd View,
Gives Pleaſure, but gives Fear and Rev'rence too.

I could not help going on with the ſame Poet in his Colouring:

While he, with comely Majeſty and State,
Bore high th' Advantage of his Worth and Fate:
Such humble Sweetneſs did ſoft Michael *ſhow,*
That none who reach'd ſo high, e'er ſtoop'd ſo low.

The beauteous little ones below them, inſpir'd no other Sentiments than of Love and Delight, and thoſe the higheſt and moſt refin'd. Their lovely Innocence, engaging Deportment, and expreſſive Actions, employ'd the Attention of the Spectators much more than what paſs'd on the Stage. The Eyes of ſome were fix'd on them with a kind of parental Fondneſs, while others expreſs'd a Joy of higher and more abſtracted ſort, and ſeem'd to contemplate and preſume the Happineſs they promis'd to our Country in Ages to come.

But I did not ſuffer this Scene (delightful as it was) ſo wholly to engroſs my Thoughts as to loſe Sight of the Buſineſs and Beauties of the Play. *Henry the Eighth* is inferior to few of *Shakeſpear*'s Productions: Indeed the Pomp and Magnificence of its Shews and Scenery were better ſuited to the Taſte of former Ages than the preſent, and are now become the Entertainment only of Children; but, if I miſtake not, there are contained in it ſome of the beſt Leſſons both of Morality and Politics: It repreſents *the Inſolence of over-grown Ambition, the Humiliation and Fall of a deteſted Miniſter, and the Anger of a juſtly incenſed Monarch*, in Colours the moſt lively and affecting.

We are made to ſee in Cardinal *Wolſey*, a Man of the higheſt Endowments, but debaſed by all thoſe Alloys to which great Parts and high Place are ſubject. There is in his Character much that one in his Station might imitate, and as much that he ſhould avoid: His Blemiſhes and his Excellencies were both in Extremes. One loves, admires, and honours the fair Side of his Character, when we are told

He was a Scholar, and a ripe and good one,
Exceeding wiſe, fair-ſpoken, and perſwading;
To all that ſought him he was ſweet as Summer;
And, tho' he were unſatisfied in getting,
(Which was a Sin) yet in beſtowing
He was moſt princely.

But this ſoon changes into Hate and Indignation when the Reverſe of the Medal is ſhewn, and he ſtands forth

——A Man
Of an unbounded Stomach, *ever* ranking
Himſelf with Princes; *one that, by Suggeſtion,*
Tyth'd all the Kingdom:
His own Opinion was his Law. I' th' Preſence
He would ſay Untruths, *and be* ever double
Both in his Words and Meaning.

Theſe were the Failings of *Wolſey*, to which all Miniſters are liable, and to which *Wolſey*'s Fate and Puniſhment will be ever annex'd. What Man of Honour could have ſeen, without Reſentment, his Monarch made the Property and Dupe of one who *had crawl'd* into his Favour? It muſt have fir'd the coolеſt Heart to have over-heard him, in his inſolent Soliloquies, diſpoſe the very Affections of his Maſter, and dictate to his Bed:

The French *King's Siſter:* ——
—— *No* Anne Bullen *for him!*

Or, to have caught him in Conference with a *Brother in his bad Practices*, diſpenſing among his Tools, and at his own Caprice, the Favours and Honours of the Crown. He'd have *no ſuch Archbiſhop* as *Cranmer:* None but *that good Fellow who would follow his Command and Appointment, was to be near him.*

Such Inſolence ſeem'd too groſs to be long endured, and muſt in Time have brought him to Shame, had no other Cauſes concurr'd to ruin him: But he could not ſtop here; Ambition, his ruling Paſſion, carried him on to an Attempt ſtill more flagitious, and Treaſon of a deeper Dye. To preſerve his Height of Power, and to promote other ſecret Purpoſes of his own, he made light of diſturbing even the *domeſtic Quiet* of his too indulgent Maſter. By flagitious Artifices, he kindled and fann'd the Coals of Diſſention between him and the Perſon *who was, and ought to have been, neareſt to his Heart.* He had the Mortification to ſee *the Queen* was not his Creature, neither implicitly devoted to his Will or attach'd to his Perſon. He had Cauſe to think ſhe hated him, becauſe *he was ſure ſhe knew him.*

Fears and Apprehenſions of a Storm from that Quarter, drove him to fulfil the Complement of his Villainy. He put in Practice an Expedient too black, 'tis hop'd, to be ever parallel'd: He work'd on his Royal Maſter to break thro' the ſtrongeſt and holieſt Bonds of Love and Nature.

In theſe three principal Inſtances *Wolſey* is repreſented by *Shakeſpear* to have abus'd his Power: *Immoderate Taxations, inſolent Carriage to his King*, and *fomenting Diſſention in the Royal Houſe.* Each Step he took in this horrid Gradation, haſten'd his enſuing Diſgrace and Fall: It was effected at length by his own Artifice and ſuppos'd Dexterity. The juſteſt Diſpenſation of Vengeance reach'd him: Guarding with too refin'd a Cunning againſt Danger only imagin'd, and *embroiling the very Family and Houſhold of his Prince* to extricate himſelf from a fancied Enemy, he raiſed a Spirit that he could not quell, and precipitated his Ruin by the very Means he uſed to avoid it.

It is obſervable with what Patience the offended Nation ſuppreſs'd their Senſe of his Oppreſſions and Inſolence: They reſted quiet in the full Hope and Aſſurance of what was ſoon the Event, and only thought and ſaid,

—— Heaven will one Day open
The King's Eyes, that ſo long have ſlept upon
This bold, bad Man.

Theſe and other inſtructive Hints are to be gather'd from this Play, of which all Men in Power, whom over grown Inſolence may prompt to vie with Kings, or the *Sons* of Kings, would do well to avail themſelves. *Philip* of *Macedon* is ſaid, in the Heighth of his Grandeur, to have order'd a Slave to remind him daily that *he was a Man.* It were to be wiſh'd that every *Miniſter* had a Domeſtic employ'd in the like Service, frequently to bid him *remember he is a Subject*; and repeat to him in his cleareſt Moments the excellent Advice bequeath'd by *Wolſey* to his Friend and Favourite:

Cromwell, *I charge thee* fling away Ambition;
By that Sin fell the Angels ——

The high Virtues of his *Royal Highneſs* the Prince, very juſtly give him an indubitable Right to our beſt Affections and Eſteem, and point out ſtrongly to our Expectations the Happineſs which muſt neceſſarily attend theſe Realms under his Government, if he ſurvives his Royal Father; whom Heaven long preſerve! But as he was never put up to View, ſo as by great Actions to be render'd conſpicuous in the Eye of the World, we can only judge of his good Qualities from the Exerciſe of them in his paternal and conjugal Capacity, in private Life; wherein Hiſtory can hardly produce a parallel Inſtance. His Promptneſs and importunate Requiſitions to be put at the Head of our Forces againſt the Rebels, and the Mortification he met with from Diſappointment, are known but to few. The *Miniſtry* who, 'tis notorious, take a Pleaſure in *obliging him* on all Occaſions, were too tender of his Safety to expoſe him to the Danger of Battle; and therefore conferr'd the Honour of Command on him they thought next deſerv'd beſt to gather ſuch a plentiful Harveſt of Laurels in the *North*. They are ſo wonderouſly *well affected* to him, that they not only put a Violence upon themſelves in keeping him out of *military* Diſtinction; but one of them has very generouſly endeavoured to ſtep in between him and the Trouble of a *civil* Honour, which the raſh Inclinations of a learned Body would lately have burthen'd him with.

LONDON.

The New Bridge at Weſtminſter will be open on Monday next for Foot Paſſengers.

Thurſday ended the Poll for Members to repreſent this City in the enſuing Parliament, when the Numbers ſtood thus:

For Sir John Barnard	——	3781
Sir William Calvert	——	3806
Slingſby Bethel, Eſq;	——	3146
Stephen Theodore Janſſen, Eſq;		3008
Sir Daniel Lambert	——	2530
Sir Robert Ladbroke	——	1986

The Declaration was made Yeſterday in Favour of the of the four firſt Gentlemen.

We are aſſured, that the Account of his Highneſs the Duke's almoſt cutting off the Arm of a French Horſeman in the late Action, is very true; and that the Man receiv'd at the ſame Time a very deep Cut in his Face, from a Perſon who rode to the Duke's Aſſiſtance.

Private Letters from Holland mention, that the States have ſent peremptory Orders to the Commanders of above forty Dutch Veſſels in the Sound, which are laden with Naval Stores for France, to proceed directly for the Texel, and laid the ſaid Stores there.——And alſo, that they have publiſh'd an Order, prohibiting under ſevere Penalties, the exporting of any naval or military Stores out of the Territories of the Republick, except to Great Britain.

On Thurſday the 2d of this Month died, at his Palace at Roſe-Caſtle, the Right Rev. Father in God Sir George Heming, Lord Biſhop of Carliſle, in the 81ſt Year of his Age, and 13th of his Conſecration.

By a Letter from Bath, there is an Account of the Death of the Right Hon. the Earl of Euſton, Son of his Grace the Duke of Grafton.

On Thurſday Se'nnight a Court-Martial was held on board the Duke Man of War at Portſmouth, Capt. Chambers being Preſident, for the Trial of the Mutineers, on board the Namur Man of War, who roſe on Account of their being denied Leave to come aſhore; which ended on Saturday, when three, viz. two Sailors and a Marine, received Sentence of Death; twelve were order'd to be whipt from Ship to Ship, and thirty-eight acquitted. The Ringleader of them died during his Confinement.

Tueſday Morning came Letters from Antigua by the Way of Briſtol, by which we have Advice, that Commodore Legg was arrived there from Barbados, and that the Council and Aſſembly of Antigua were very buſy in drawing up Articles againſt a certain Sea-Officer, whoſe Trial was to come on the Beginning of June at Engliſh Harbour in Antigua.

On Thurſday Jeffrey Everett was committed to the Gatehouſe, by Thomas Burdus, Eſq; for cutting from behind a Poſt-Chaiſe, a Portmanteau Trunk, the Property of Charles Frederick, Eſq; with Intent feloniouſly to carry away the ſame. The ſaid Everett is alſo detained in the ſame Place, for cheating Mrs. Elizabeth Street, a Confectioner in New-Bond-Street, of 36 s. in the following Manner, viz. He went into the Shop, and gave Orders for Goods to be ſent to a Gentleman's Houſe whom he named, and call'd his Maſter, and deſired her to ſend Change for a 36 s. Piece, for which he promis'd to give Gold, and in Confidence thereof ſhe ſent the Change by her Maid-Servant; but Everett met the Girl, took what he had beſpoke and the Change from her, bidding her go back for half a Pound of burnt Almonds, which he pretended to have forgot; when ſhe returned Everett was gone, and no ſuch Perſon as the pretended Maſter to be found.

They write from Scarborough, that on Saturday laſt 45 Frenchmen were brought in there; they were taken in a ſmall French Privateer, which his Majeſty's Ship the Haſtings, of 40 Guns, Capt. Waller, took off Robin Hood's Bay. The Privateer is call'd Duke de Villars, and the Priſoners were carried to York Caſtle laſt Monday.

Days appointed for holding the Summer Aſſizes at the following Places, viz.

NORFOLK CIRCUIT.

Lord Chief Juſtice Willes. Mr. Baron Clarke.

Bucks, Auguſt 3, at Aylesbury.
Bedford, Auguſt 6, at Bedford.
Huntingdonſhire, Auguſt 8, at Hutingdon.
Cambridge, Auguſt 10, at Cambridge.
Suffolk, Auguſt 12, at Bury St. Edmund's.
Norfolk, Auguſt 15, at the Caſtle of Norwich.
City of Norwich, the ſame Day, at the City of Norwich.

OXFORD CIRCUIT.

Lord Chief Caron Parker. Mr. Juſtice Abney.

Berks, July 27, at Abingdon.
Oxon, July 29, at Oxford.
Glouceſter, Auguſt 1, at Glouceſter.
City of Glouceſter, the ſame Day, at the City of Glouceſter.
Monmouth, Auguſt 6 at Monmouth.
Hereford, Auguſt 8, at the City of Hereford.
Worceſterſhire, Auguſt 13, at Worceſter.
City of Worceſter, the ſame Day, at the City of Worceſter.
Salop, Auguſt 17, at Shrewsbury.
Stafford, Auguſt 21, at the Town of Stafford.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

M. Juſtice Wright. Mr. Juſtice Foſter.

Northampton, July 28, at Northampton.
Rutland, July 31, at Oakham.
Lincolnſhire, Auguſt 3, at the Caſtle of Lincoln.
City of Lincoln, the ſame Day, at the City of Lincoln.
Nottingham, Auguſt 6, at Nottingham.
Town of Nottingham, the ſame Day, at the ſame Town.
Derbyſhire, Auguſt 8, at Derby.
Leiceſterſhire, Auguſt 12, at Leiceſter.
Borough of Leiceſter, Auguſt 13, at the ſame Borough.
City of Coventry, Auguſt 15, at the City of Coventry.
Warwick, the ſame Day, at Warwick.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. Juſtice Birch. Mr. Baron Legge.

City of York, Auguſt 3, at the Guildhall of the ſaid City.
Yorkſhire, the ſame Day, at the Caſtle of York.
Durham, Auguſt 12, at the Caſtle of Durham.
Town of Newcaſtle upon Tyne, Auguſt 17, at the Guildhall of the ſaid Town.
Northumberland, the ſame Day, at the Caſtle of Newcaſtle upon Tyne.
Cumberland, Auguſt 25, at the City of Carliſle.
Weſtmorland, Auguſt 31, at Appleby.
Lancaſhire, September 4, at the Caſtle of Lancaſter.

HOME CIRCUIT.

Lord Chief Juſtice Lee. Mr. Juſtice Denniſon.

Hertford, Auguſt 3, at Hertford.
Eſſex, Auguſt 5, at Chelmsford.
Kent, Auguſt 11, at Rocheſter.
Suſſex, Auguſt 15, at Lewes.
Surry, Auguſt 19, at Kingſton upon Thames.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. Juſtice Burnett. Mr. Baron Clive.

Southampton, July 28, at the Caſtle of Winton.
Wilts, Auguſt 1, at Sarum.
Town and County of Pool, Auguſt 6, at the Guildhall of the ſaid Town.
Dorſet, the ſame Day, at Dorcheſter.
Cornwall, Auguſt 13, at Bodmin.
City and County of Exeter, Auguſt 19, at the Guildhall of the ſame City.
Devon, the ſame Day, at the Caſtle of Exeter.
Somerſet, the 25th, at Bridgwater.
City and County of Briſtol, Auguſt 27, at the Guidhall of the ſame City.

CHESTER CIRCUIT.

The Hon. Matthew Skinner, Eſq; Chief Juſtice of Cheſter. The Hon. John Talbot, Eſq;

Cheſhire, Auguſt 3, at the Caſtle of Cheſter.
Flintſhire, Auguſt 8, at Flint.
Denbighſhire, Auguſt 14, at Wrexham.
Montgomeryſhire, Auguſt 21, at Pool.

Extract of the Return of the Britiſh Forces, Kill'd, &c. in the Action near Val, Sunday, July 2, 1747, N. S.

GENERAL *and* STAFF OFFICERS.

General Ligonier, Priſoner, with two Aids de Camp, Hon. Cap. Keppel, and Capt. Campbell, who is ſuppos'd dead.

Major-General Bland, wounded.

Majors of Brigade Leſlie and Wolf, wounded.

Major Scott, Aid de Camp to his Royal Highneſs, bruiſed and a Contuſion.

Lieutenant-General Hawley's Aid de Camp, Capt. Pechel, wounded.

Capt. Heath, Engineer, miſſing.

Mr. Green, Engineer wounded.

LIST of Officers of the Britiſh Forces, Kill'd, Wounded, and Miſſing.

North Britiſh Dragoons. Capt Preſton, Blair; Lieut. Herron; Cornet Ogilvy, Herrington, Ballantayne, Browne, wounded. Lieut. Wauchope, Douglas; Cornet Hunt; Quarter-Maſter Carliſle, Kill'd or Priſoners.

Riche's. Cornet Scott, wounded. Cornet Sympſon; Quarter-Maſter Goodwin, miſſing.

Rothe's. Lieut. Armſtrong, Quarter-Maſter Seaman, wounded. Lieut. Gordon, Cornet Hay, kill'd or Priſoners.

Cope's. Cornet Balmere, Priſoner.

His Royal Highneſs the Duke's. Lord Robert Sutton, Priſoner. Capt. Otway, Hall, Kirk, wounded and Priſoners. Lieut. Kirk, Quarter-Maſters Evans Simpſon, Priſoners.

Third Regiment. Enſign Brown, kill'd.

Old Buffs. Capt. Hacker, Enſign French, kill'd. Capt. Colby and Stoyte, Captain-Lieutenant Joycelyn, wounded.

Wolfe's. Capt. Meggot, kill'd. Lieutenant-Colonel Martin, Major Lafauſile, Capt. Catherwood, Lieut. Conway, Enſign Webb, Wilſon, Hamilton; Quarter-Maſter Walwork, wounded.

Pulteney's. Lieut. Haddock, killed. Capt. Stafford, Lieut. Naylor, Enſign Holyday, wounded.

Major-General Howard's. Lieutenant Colonel Williams, kill'd. Major Petitot, Capt. Maſters, Lieut. Goddard, Brown, Martin, Philips; Enſign Dobſon, Fuller, wounded.

Welch Fuziliers. Capt. Johnſon, killed. Capt. Forteſcue, Izard, Baldwin; Lieut. Eyre, Rich, Gregge, Addey, Machachlan, Hewit, wounded.

Crauford's. Lieut. Knight killed. Capt. Scott, Lanrie; Lieut. Stephens, Gore, wounded.

Douglas's. Lieutenant Colonel Roſs, Major Roper, killed. Capt. Fuller, Lieut. Rogers, 2d Lieut. Farquhar 2d Lieut. Roſs, wounded.

Johnſon's. Lieutenant-Colonel Lockart, Major Lacey, Capt. Kerriell, Lord Glaſgow, Lieut. Edmonſtone, Gardiner, Cope; Enſign Francomb, Mony-penny, Morris, wounded.

Fleming's. Major Petrie, Lieut. Brodie, kill'd. Lieutenant-Colonel Jackſon, Capt. Morgan, Dod; Lieut. Ackland, Enſign Eirington, Vaugham, Strong, Porter, wounded, Enſign Duncan, miſſing.

Dejean's. Lieutenant Clement, killed. Lieutenant-Colonel Deane, Capt. Goddard, Lieut. Gremes, wounded, Capt. Boucher, Lieut. Lort, miſſing.

Conway's. Lieutenant-Colonel Stanhope, Capt. Cholmley, Douglas; Lieut. Bowyer, M. Queen; Enſign Crimble, wounded. Col. Conway, Priſoner. Capt. Dobſon, Lieut. Ramſey, Lieut. Ellis, Enſign Waterhouſe, Rimple, miſſing.

ARTILLERY.

Major Michelſon, Lieut. M'Leod, Farrington, Dexter, Stephens, Gogney, wounded. Capt. Farquharſon, Lieut. Craufurd, miſſing.

LIST of the General and Field Officers of his Majeſty's Electoral *Troops Kill'd, Wounded, and Priſoners.*

INFANTRY.

Lieutenant-General Druchtleben, wounded.
Brigadier Sporcken, wounded.
Colonel de Horn, killed or Priſoner.
Colonel de Munchow, wounded.
Lieutenant-Colonel de Hardenberg, wounded.
Lieutenant-Colonel de Stalmeiſter, killed.
Lieutenant-Colonel de Polier, wounded.
Lieutenant-Colonel de Buttler, Priſoner.
Lieutenant-Colonel de Ledebur, wounded.
Lieutenant-Colonel de Zaſtrow, wounded.
Lieutenant-Colonel de Lange, killed.
Lieutenant-Colonel de Hammerſtein, wounded.
Major de Linſtow, wounded.
Major de Kneſebeck, wounded.
Major de Schlepegrel, wounded.

CAVALRY.

Colonel Hardenbergh, killed.
Lieutenant-Colonel Block, wounded.
Lieutenant-Colonel Walter, wounded.
Major Sckoln, wounded.
Major Boriſtel, wounded.

	Officers and Men.	*Horſe.*
Total Britiſh ——	2110	382
Total Hanoverians ——	2435	525
Total Heſſians ——	385	176
	4930	1085

COUNTRY NEWS.

Newcaſtle, July 4. On Thurſday the Flamborough and Roſe Men of War, of twenty Guns each, ſent into Shields two French Privateers of conſiderable Force, one of them called Lewis XV. the other St. David, with ten Ranſomers on board for 1600 l. and about a hundred Priſoners.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, July 2. On Monday laſt came on again fore the Court of Juſticiary, the Trial of Robert Spence Murder, when the Witneſſes were examined; the Jury loſed at Six o'Clock that Evening, and next Day at e in the Afternoon brought in their Verdict, finding the urder proved, and alſo the Furioſity of the Pannel the me it was committed.

Edinburgh, June 30. We hear the moſt Hon. the Marſis of Lothian is appointed Preſident of the Police, in room of the Earl of Sutherland.

And the Right Hon. the Earl of Marchmont Lord Reſter, in the room of the Lord Marquis.

We have Accounts from Douglaſs of a very ſhocking, and, at the ſame Time, ſurprizingly deliberate Act Self-Murder, that happened lately within a few Miles that Place: A Farmer near 70 Years of Age, being aried it ſeems with the Vanities of Life, and reſolving free himſelf of the ſame at once, one Morning pretty rly took a Razor, cut his Belly croſs with it about nine ches, pull'd out two Handfuls of his Entrails, threw em to the other ſide of the Room, and afterwards went Bed; but being affected with the Sight, he aroſe again, ffled them together, covered them with his Bonnet, d returned to Bed again. When his Son and others the Family came into the Room, he told them what had done, gave them out his Pocket-Book, talked out his Buſineſs with the greateſt Compoſure, preſcribed them how to manage his Affairs, and, without the aſt Remorſe, died in about three Hours after he had ven the Wound.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

ITALY.

From the Imperial Camp before Genoa, June 25. The proach of the Army under M. Belleiſle, and a freſh Reforcement arrived in the City of Genoa, cauſed a Reſolution to be taken to raiſe the Siege of that Place, and the rtillery and Munitions are already re-imbarked.

Venice, June 30. A Courier, which has paſſed by re, reports, that it had been reſolv'd in a Council of War raiſe the Siege of Genoa; but that this Reſolution hath ce been changed.

Legborn, June 24. The Engliſh have ſunk nine Veſſels den with Proviſions, which were bound for Genoa, and e reſt of the Convoy is retired to Porto-Fino, where it is cked up; but the two Genoeſe Gallies, which eſcorted are got into the Port of Genoa in a very ſhatter'd Condition.

From the French Head-Quarters at Mentone, June 24. eſterday the Infant Don Philip arrived here, but the annon expected for the Siege of the Caſtle of Ventiiglia is not yet come up. Our Van-guard is advanced S. Remo: But notwithſtanding this, we do not expect get up to Genoa theſe Ten Days, and muſt beſides leave hind us Detachments all the Way, to block up the ſeveI Poſts.

Extract of a Letter from Antibes, June 23.

"We have had a ſhort Joy upon the imagin'd Deliverance of the Genoeſe; but the Retreat of the Auſtrians, hich cauſed it, was either falſe or feigned. They are turned to the Charge when leaſt expected, and have inercepted a Body of 1500 French and 4000 Peaſants, at were attempting to throw themſelves into the City of enoa."

LOW COUNTRIES.

From the French Quarters at Hocsfield, July 9. The ing is ſtill at the Grand Commanderie, but it is believ- the Marſhal Saxe will not undertake any Enterprize mediately, although 11000 Men have been ſent him as Reinforcement from the three Biſhopricks, and that he ill content himſelf with obſerving the Motion of the llies, while the Corps of Count Lowendhall will act on e other Side the Eſcaut.

Hague, July 13. Letters from Maeſtricht ſay, that eneral Ligonier, and Mr. Keppel, Aid-de Camp, who as wounded in the late Action, were arrived there from ongres, having been either exchang'd or ranſom'd.

This Evening a Detachment of the Swiſs departed from ir Garriſon for Reundart and Williamſtadt. We learn, at the Motions of the French about Bergen-op-Zoom ntinue, that their Numbers augment; and that Count owendhall is approaching that City more and more, the rince of Hildburghauſen has thrown himſelf into the ines that cover the Place.

By a Letter from Turin dated the 1ſt Inſtant, we learn, at the Siege of Genoa is not raiſed, as has been inſtriouſly reported, but that, on the contrary, the Impeialiſts have ſo well placed their Artillery, that they actuly bombard the City. The Genoeſe have made a Sally, hich did not ſucceed, they having been repulſed by the ght Troops. Letters from Inſpruck confirm the ſame ing, and add, that the French do not advance in the eſtern Riviera, being ſtill in the Neighbourhood of Venmiglia.

BANKRUPTS.

Joſeph Whitehead, late of Garret Green, in the Pariſh of Wandſworth, in the County of Surry, Whitſter and Chapman.

Joſeph Oakes, of Batterſea, in the County of Surry, Brewer and Chapman.

Samuel Gibbons, of Fleetſtreet, London, Stationer.

Andrew Wilſon, of Rumſey in the County of Southampton, Linnen-draper and Chapman.

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Ut enim tutela ſic procuratio Reipublicæ, ad utilitatem eorum qui commiſſi ſunt, non ad eorum quibus commiſſa eſt, gerenda eſt. CIC.

Qui autem parti civium conſulant, partem negligunt, rem perniciosiſſimam in civitatem inducunt, ſeditione atque diſcordiam; ex quo evenit, ut alii populares, alii ſtudioſi optimi cujuſque, videantur; pauci univerſorum. *Idem.*

Sold by J. ROBINSON in Ludgate-Street, and G. STRAHAN at the Golden-Ball, oppoſite to the Royal Exchange; alſo at all the Bookſellers and Pamphlet-Shops in London and Weſtminſter.

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For the Immediate Cure of BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from what Cauſe ſoever,*

And alſo of IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *however occaſion'd, or of ever ſo long Standing,*

The Famous and Ineſtimable PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The higheſt, richeſt, and moſt powerful Cordial in Nature, is recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Barrenneſs in Women, and Impotency in Men in the Univerſe, and which at once accompliſhes without the leaſt Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thouſands have experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raiſing all the Fluids from their languid depreſſed State, to one more florid and ſparkling; opening all Obſtructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreaſing the Animal Spirits, reſtoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently replenithing the criſpy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moiſture, and thereby invigorating it to ſuch a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by thoſe who have experienced how exceedingly and ſuddenly it renovates, incites and powerfully ſtrengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Diſpoſition, baniſhes Melancholy, and inſpires Mirth and Gladneſs of Heart beyond Expreſſion.

Abundance of Ladies, who for ſeveral Years were deem'd incurable Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by raſh living or otherwiſe, had render'd themſelves incapable of Procreation, have ſince been enabled by it to propagate their Species, inſomuch, that very many illuſtrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almoſt inconſolable, are now bleſt with happy Iſſue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It reſtifies all Diſorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digeſtion, and in all Weakneſs of Body, or Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, is a moſt infallible Reſtorative, and even ſeems to keep back the Effects of Old Age it ſelf.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleaſant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Two Blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories at 5s. a Bottle, with Directions.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 20000 Bottles have been ſold ſince April 1734, *that they were firſt publiſh'd.*

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovelaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Boluſſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3s 6d each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe; even in the tendereſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son-in Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon aſking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 3s 6d.

ANTI-SIPHYLICON.

THE only short and most infallible CURE in the Universe for the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and so as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a seminal Gleet, or Weakness, to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the *French Illness*, attended with nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings-out, and all other the most exasperated Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inunction, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and most effectual Manner.

All such, likewise, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doses of it, entirely free themselves from all Suspicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulnesses of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this most noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient, in most Cases, to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-shop, at the Rose and Crown, against St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, by the Perusal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Disease* may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poison* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy.*

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than *Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutions, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Consequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous System, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorsalis, or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumption, which frequently terminate in Death itself.*

All such therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old Stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe and speedy Cure, which they may assuredly, by the taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary, now published for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail perfectly curing the most Stubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Bath, Reins, Seminal Vessels and Urinary Passages, which it almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weaknesses and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels, to an immense Degree, insomuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weaknesses of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surprised at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a Safe, Speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be said in Praise of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the abovemention'd Purposes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten times as much, and by the Author's Special Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyshop at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will be complete Master of his own Case, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with proceeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Venereal Disease is entirely extirpated or not.

Note, Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamick Electuary.

To all Gentlemen, Builders, and Others.

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At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-against Norfolk-Street, between St. Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London,*

CONTINUES to Sell, in the same Manner his late Father did, all Sorts of COLOURS, ready prepared (at the lowest Prices) that any Gentlemen, Builders, &c may set their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houses, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewise sells to the Ladies all sorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH with every thing necessary for the New Japanning; and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greatest Perfection, to those that buy Colours. Also Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varnish.

He deals only for READY MONEY.

His House faces Norfolk Street, and not Arundel Street, in the Strand.

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY, and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived in the highest or most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years Standing, and that without any sensible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable Mistake, is generally advised, altho' always found rather to encrease and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Disorder whatever, do at once strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, so as never to return again, as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almost instantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakness of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Foods, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed sour'd Achs, Vapours, and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, insomuch that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances, they assuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms, of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Diseases.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and enliven the whole Machine, and as soon as taken, make the Patient decently lightsome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gain'd among Persons of Eminance, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

The most Noble ELIXIR

For Hypochondriack Melancholy *in Men, and the* Hysterick Disease, *or* Vapours *in Women.*

IN three Days Time, demonstrates to every one who takes it, that it is absolutely infallible for the thorough Cure of those perplexing Indispositions, even in their highest and most grievous Degree, where nothing but Horror reigns, where Reasoning is interrupted or depraved, and where the Mind is confused with terrible Perturbations, Anxieties, and Despondency even to Distraction, and the Body afflicted with almost innumerable Ailments.

It's surprizing to see how soon this CELEBRATED ELIXIR (even a few Doses of it only) entirely cures all the vast Variety of Symptoms, and induces a new train of chearful and pleasant Ideas, instead of those deep and black thoughts, those direful Apprehensions that so tenaciously dwelt upon the Soul, clouded the Understanding, and destroyed all notion of ever receiving Comfort again; for it occasions a flow of undisturbed Spirits, and causes bright gleams of Joy to break in upon the Heart, and chase away the wholeload of depressed and melancholy Imaginations so effectually, that the Patients are suddenly reliev'd both in Body and Mind, and now enjoying perfect Health, free and lively Spirits steady, serene and gay Thoughts, stand as much amazed that they could be chain'd down to such a dismal way of Thinking, such dreadful Fears, and dark Incumbrances, as before, they were hopeless of ever getting free from them.

In a Word, the Effect of this most Noble Elixir, in so suddenly and infallibly curing *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in Men, and the *Hysterick Disease*, or *Vapours* in Women, in all their Shapes and Appearances, even after all other Remedies have proved fruitless, is inexpressible, as the vast Numbers of both Sexes who have been perfectly cured by it, with the utmost Satisfaction declare.

It occasions no manner of Disorder, is pleasant to take, a few Drops of it are a Dose, and is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyshop, at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, at 5s. a Bottle, with Directions.

The only True Specifick TINCTURE

For the TOOTH-ACH, and all Disorders and Defects of the TEETH and GUMS whatever, which has given such intire Satisfaction to the Nobility and Gentry for above these Twenty Years past, by its vastly excelling all other Things, either formerly invented or lately contrived for these Purposes;

SINCE one Drop of it gives infallible and instant Ease in the most tormenting Pain, when nothing else will, and not only takes it away in a Moment, but absolutely cures the TOOTH ACH, so as certainly to prevent its Return.

At only once using, it makes the foulest Teeth most beautifully white, assuredly fastens those that are loose, and infallibly preserves the Teeth from growing rotten, and those a little decayed, from becoming worse: It perfectly cures the Scurvy in the Gums, causing them to grow up to the Teeth again to Admiration, and also occasions a sweet Breath.

It is neither disagreeable to the Smell or Taste, but effectually preserves the Teeth and Gums from all manner of Foulness, Corruption and Putrefaction, keeps them sound, good, and in most beautiful Order, and may be depended upon to answer the Character here given of it, literally, and in every Respect, as Persons innumerable have experienced.

But these inimitable Qualities, and solely inherent Virtues by which it has justly gained such an universal and unparalell'd great Character, have occasion'd, as usual in such Cases, various and frequent Endeavours to mimick it, some under the same Name, and in the very Words of this Advertisement, and others under other Names; be careful, therefore, to have the right, which may be infallibly relied upon, and which is to be had only by the Author's Appointment, of the Gentlewoman at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

Good Allowance to those who take Quantities for Exportation.

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FOR the true Cure of fresh Venereal Injuries, (and all the Relicks or Remains of old ones) how virulent or obstinate they may be; for it immediately puts a Stop to their Progress entirely, and as it were, instantly, ferrets out, and carries off the filthy poisonous Infection, wears away the various Symptoms, by Degrees cleanses off the Running, and heals and strengthens Parts, sensibly and firmly, without the foul common Consequence of leaving either Foulness, Gleeting, or Weakness behind, thus acts in a Way so regular and gentle, both by Stool and Urine, with a Dose, each Time, so small and pleasant (the Quantity not Nutmeg) that the nicest Persons are at well surprized as delighted with it, and the more, as it agrees with every one's Constitution, hinders no Business, nor gives the least Suspicion to the nearest Relation.

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